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		E JP06297565,				Labore
L1	1 5	5 E3			<u> </u>	10Hapase
L2		FISHEYE? O		?	•	C
L3	36 \$	S L2 AND PHO	ro?			Scarch
L4	FILE 'USPATI	FULL' ENTERE	O AT 20:55	:54 ON 15 DE	C 2000	redobase Search Noted in
L5		S L4 AND (PO	LYPROPYLEN	E? OR POLY E	ROPYLENE?)	;
13	20,	2112.2			(	Search
						Notes
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CYNTHIA HAMPITEN MU

ANSWER 34 OF 36 CA COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS ΑN 73:46104 CA Photometric evaluation of the readiness of transparent ΤI poly(vinyl chloride) films for use in rolling processes Solomenko, M. G.; Popyuk, S. V. ΑU CS Khim. Mashinostr. (Kiev) (1970), No. 10, 135-8 SO CODEN: KMMRAZ Journal DTRussian LΑ 36 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) CC A method was developed for monitoring film-rolling processes whereby AΒ defects in transparent poly(vinyl chloride) films are detd. photometrically. Ripples, "fish-eyes," and other heterogeneities in films can thus be eliminated. polyvinyl chloride films heterogeneities; photometric evaluation ST heterogeneities films; heterogeneities films photometric evaluation; films heterogeneities photometric evaluation 9002-86-2, uses and miscellaneous IT

RL: USES (Uses)

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ANSWER 1 OF 1 CA COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L1
    122:267600 CA
ΑN
    Polyester release films for covering photoresists
TI
    Takahashi, Kozo; Tsunashima, Kenji; Kimura, Masahiro
IN
    Toray Industries, Inc., Japan
PA
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.
SO
    CODEN: JKXXAF
    Patent
DT
    Japanese
LΑ
    ICM B29C055-12
IC
    ICS B32B027-36; C08J007-04
ICI
    B29K067-00, B29L007-00
     38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
    Section cross-reference(s): 74
FAN.CNT 1
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
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     PATENT NO.
                                          ___________
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                                          JP 1993-205269 19930819 <--
                      A2
                           19941025
    JP 06297565
PΙ
PRAI JP 1993-32061
                     19930222
    The films comprise polyesters contg. 5-50 mol% C.gtoreq.10 alkylene
     group-contg. linear aliph. dicarboxylic acid units and/or
     cyclohexanedicarboxylic acid units, polyesters contg. block
    polycaprolactam units, polyesters contg. block polyethylene glycol units,
     and/or polyesters contg. block polytetramethylene glycol units, have
     surface tension .ltoreq.36 dyne/cm, modulus 10-250 kg/mm2, and sp.gr.
     0.5-1.2, have voids and .gtoreq.1 side coated with waxes, and have
     .gtoreq.1 side optionally contg. 1-50% polyolefins (e.g., norbornene
     polymers). Ethylene glycol-hydrogenated dimer acid-terephthalic acid
     copolymer extrudate was sandwiched between two PET extrudates, cast on a
     drum, drawn in the machine direction, exposed to elec. corona, coated
with
     an aq. dispersion contg. 50 parts hydrogenated rosin-.alpha.,.beta.-
     substituted ethylene adduct ester wax and 50 parts oxidized wax, dried,
     and drawn in the transverse direction to give a film exhibiting good
     release property on covering a photoresist layer with the film and
     removing the film from the material.
     polyester release film cover photoresist
ST
ΙT
     Polyesters, uses
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (release films for covering photoresists)
IT
     Resists
        (photo-, polyester release films for coverings for)
IT
     Alkenes, uses
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (polymers, blends with PET, films; polyester release films for
covering
       photoresists)
     Parting materials
IT
        (release films, polyesters; for covering photoresists)
IT
     Fatty acids, uses
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (unsatd., dimers, hydrogenated, polyesters, films, laminates with PET;
        release films for covering photoresists)
IT
     25068-26-2 162429-90-5, Apel APL 6509
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
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1

(blends with PET, films, laminates with polyesters; release films for covering photoresists) . . . . . . IT 25038-59-9, Poly(ethylene terephthalate), uses RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (film, laminates with copolyesters; release films for covering photoresists) 100-21-0D, Terephthalic acid, polymers with hydrogenated dimer acids and IT ethylene glycol RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (films, laminates with PET; release films for covering photoresists) 107-21-1D, Ethylene glycol, polymers with hydrogenated dimer acids and ΙT terephthalic acid RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (release films for covering photoresists)